MICROSOPE UNITS AND OBJECTIVES (UV, NUV, VISIBLE & NIR REGION)





Many of today's ultra-microscopic manufacturing technologies require sub-micron accuracy.

Mitutoyo produces microscope systems with advanced features that combine optical and precision measurement technologies developed by us over a long period of time.

Mitutoyo microscopes can be integrated into manufacturing systems, research and development equipment, and product inspection lines.

Contact your nearest Mitutoyo Sales Office for further details on standard product specifications as well as custom-designed microscopes to best fit your application.

















Ref.: "Microbio-World Ver.7, (http://elfe.miyakyo-u.ac.jp/opac/2008/03/cd_2.html)





A wealth of Applications

System with digital camera



Digital microscopic system using VMU-V

By installing a digital camera on a microscope the VMU provides a simple and compact system which allows microphotography and simultaneous external monitor observations. The VMU can be used in vertical and inverted positions according to your application requirements.

- > Microphotography and observation of metallic, resinous and printed surfaces
- > Micro-fluid analysis
- > Cell and microorganism observation/analysis

Dual-camera systems featuring high and low magnification and differential interference observation are also available.

Systems for laser applications



UV laser application using VMU-L4B (Source of photographs: V-Technology Co.,Ltd.)



Flaking of polyimide membrane



UV laser application using VMU-L4B (Source of photographs: HOYA CANDEO OPTRONICS CORPORATION)



SEM photograph of IC surface after removing upper layer

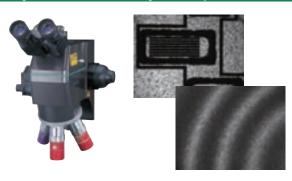


Color filter working

Microscope unit and objectives compatible with YAG lasers (1064nm, 532nm, 355nm and 266nm) allow high precision and quality working.

- > Peeling off protective films and organic thin-films
- > Cutting of IC wiring (Au, Al) and exposure of lower layer pattern
- > FPD defects repair
- > Photomask repair
- > Marking, trimming, patterning, spot annealing and scribing

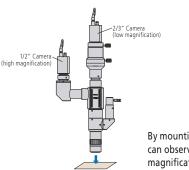
System for IR analysis/inspection



Optical systems using Mitutoyo M Plan Apo NIR objectives that cover a wide range of wavelength from visible to infrared are providing solutions on the production line and in the laboratory. Nondestructive inspection is made possible by using an infrared source.

- > Thickness measurement of LCD thin-film and silicon board film
- > Internal inspection/analysis and 3D evaluation of MEMS devices
- > Internal observation of IC packages, void inspection/evaluation of wafer junctions, spectral characteristics analysis using infrared
- >Femtosecond laser applications

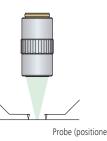
System for dual-camera (high & low magnification) observation



By mounting two Cameras on VMU-L you can observe the same area at different magnifications simultaneously.

System for analysis





Probe (positioner tip)

The Mitutoyo M Plan Apo objectives provide a long working distance. This allows you to design an optical system for defects evaluation of semiconductor integrated circuits and precise repair with YAG lasers. The optical system for direct observation is also available.



GOOD DESIGN AWARD 2015 VMU WIDE VMU Objective lenses

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Video Microscope Unit VMU



* Objectives shown mounted on tubes are optional.

Features

- > Small, lightweight microscope unit designed for a camera observation system
 Suitable for observing a wide range of objects: metal, resin, printed surfaces, minute mechanisms, etc.
- > Compatible with YAG lasers (1064nm, 532nm, 355nm and 266nm)
 Suitable for cutting, trimming, repair and marking of IC wiring (Au, Al), removing and processing thin-film (insulating film) and repair of color filters (defects repair).
- > Compatible with infrared optical system

Available for internal observation of IC packages and spectral characteristics analysis using an infrared source and camera.

- > Standard of telecentric reflective illumination system with aperture diaphragm

 This is the best illumination system for image processing applications (e.g. dimension measurement, form inspection and positioning) which require even lighting
- > Extending the VMU series with high rigidity/performance VMU-LB and VMU-L4B models.
- > Available for dual-camera (high & low magnification) observation (VMU-LB and VMU-L4B).

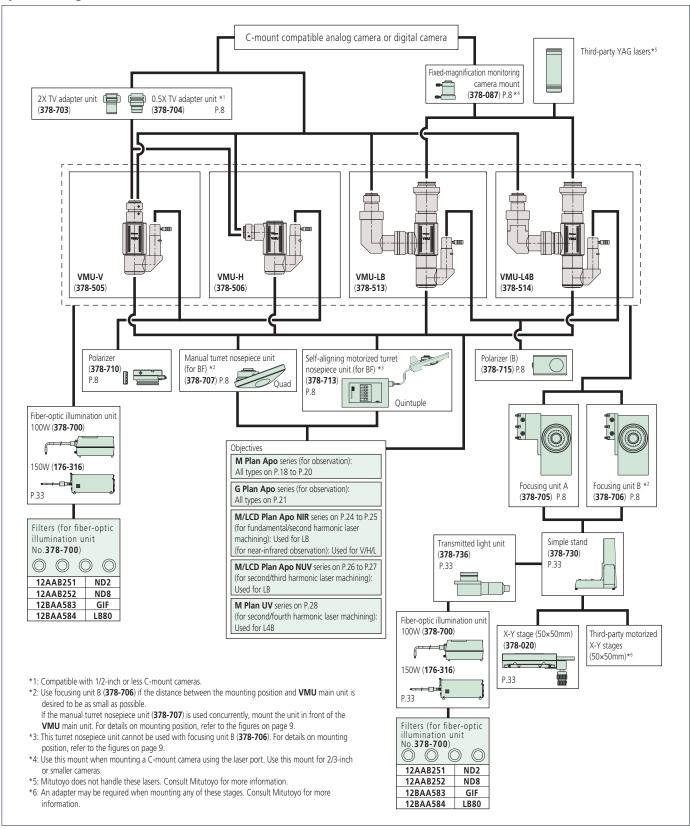
<u>. </u>						
Model No.			VMU-V	VMU-H	VMU-LB	VMU-L4B
Order No.			378-505	378-506	378-513	378-514
Camera m	ounting orier	ntation	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical (rotatable)	Vertical (rotatable)
Observation	n		BF, erect image BF, inverted image		BF, erect image	
	Camera	Optical features		Magnification: 1X; Wavel	ength (λ): visible radiation	
	port	Mount	C-mount (centering an	d parfocal adjustment)	C-mount with centering and parfoca	al adjustment and green filter switch
	Tube lens (c	correction range)	1X (visib	le - NIR)	1X (NUV - visible - NIR)	1X (UV - visible - NIR)
Optical tube	Laser port	Optical features	-	_	Magnification: 1X λ: 355/532/1064μm	Magnification: 1X λ: 226/355/532/1064μm
		Mount	-		With parfocal adjustment	
		Suitable YAG laser type*2	_		Fundamental, second and third- harmonic mode	Fundamental and second, third and fourth-harmonic mode
	Polarizer*1		Available for observation		Available for observation and laser applications	Available for observation and laser applications
Suitable objective (optional) For observation For laser cutting		For observation	M Plan Apo/HR/SL, G Plan Apo			
		For laser cutting	_		M/LCD Plan Apo NIR, M/LCD Plan Apo NUV	M/LCD Plan Apo NIR, M/LCD Plan Apo NUV, M Plan UV
Suitable camera			2/3" or smaller C-mount compatible type			
Optical system illumination		tion	Telecentric reflective with aperture diaphragm			
Fiber-optic illuminator (optional)		(optional)	12V/100W (378-700D), 12V/150W (178-316D)			
Mass (Dimensions: Refer to page 27.)		er to page 27.)	650g	750g	1270g	1300g

^{*1:} M Plan Apo 1X objective should be used together with the polarizer (378-710 or 378-715).

^{*2:} When mounting a laser, ensure all safety precautions are observed and be aware of laser output power, beam energy density and the unit's weight. Please consult Mitutoyo if in doubt.



System diagram





Optional Accessories for VMU

Manual turret

Has 4-objective mounts and can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.



Order No.	378-707
Observation method	Bright field
No. of objective mounts	4
Mass	780g

Installed on VMU-V with optional objectives

Focus unit A and B



Manual focus units for the VMU. An optional stand (378-730) and XY stage (378-020) are provided to be used in combination.

A power focus unit is also available. Refer to page 12.

Focus unit A mounted on VMU-V with an optional objective

	Focus unit A	Focus unit B
Order No.	378-705	378-706
Travel range	50mm	
Coarse/fine feed	Coarse: 3.8mm/rev., Fine: 0.1mm/rev.	
Loading capacity	Approx. 17.4kg	Approx. 17.7kg
Mass	2.9kg	2.7kg

TV adapter unit

C-mount adapters for changing to a higher or lower magnification.







0.5X TV adapter unit

	2X TV adapter unit	0.5X TV adapter unit
Order No.	378-703	378-704
Magnification	2X	0.5X
Suitable camera	2/3" or smaller type	1/2" or smaller type
Mass	25g	25g

Power turret

Has 5 objective mounts and can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.





Console box

Installed on VMU-V with optional objectives

Order No.	378-713
Observation method	Bright field
No. of objective mounts	5, with centering adjustment
View field adjustment	±0.5mm
Positioning accuracy	2σ=3μm
Durability (life-time)	1 million repositioning operations
Drive method	DC motor
Power supply	AC100V - 240V, 10W
Output interface	RS-232C* for external PC control
Cable length	3m
Dimensions (WxHxD) and mass	Turret: 130x47x186mm, 1.8kg, Console box: 108x63x176mm, 810g

^{*}Optional RS-232C Cable: 12AAA807

Polarizer and Analyzer

Provides simplified polarized light observation. Also enhances contrast of low-magnification objectives.

378-710: For VMU-V and VMU-H **378-715**: For VMU-LB and VUM-L4B



No.378-710





No.378-715

Order No.	378-710	VMU-V • VMU-H
Order No.	378-715	VMU-LB • VMU-L4B

Installed on VMU-L4B

Camera mount

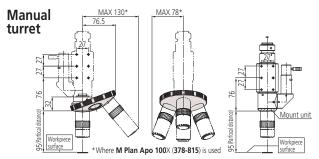


378-087 Mass: 180g

Can be attached to the laser mount (VMU-LB and VMU-L4B) for dual-camera system. It is compatible with 2/3" or smaller C-mount cameras.



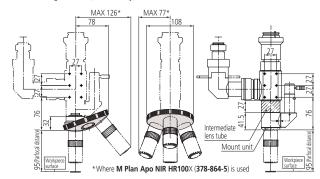
Dimensions of Optional Accessories for VMU Series



When mounting the turret on VMU-V or VMU-H

Note 1: The lens mount must be removed from VMU.

Note 2: The turret can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface. (VMU-H only)



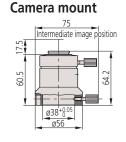
When mounting the turret on VMU-LB or VMU-L4B

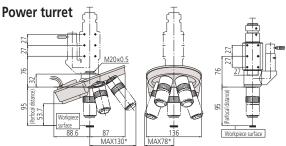
Note 1: The middle optical tube and lens mount must be removed from VMU.

Note 2: The turret can be fixed at 45° intervals around the optical axis.

Focus unit A and B Vertical travel Vertical travel 37.6 37.7 Hole positions for mounting onto the main unit 229 5-M4 screw holes, depth 8 37.6 40.2

TV adapter unit Intermediate image position C mount 2X adapter Lens unit Dimensions with the 2X TV adapter unit mounted Intermediate image position C mount S adapter Lens unit Dimensions with the 0.5X TV adapter unit mounted Intermediate image position C mount S adapter Lens unit Dimensions with the 0.5X TV adapter unit mounted



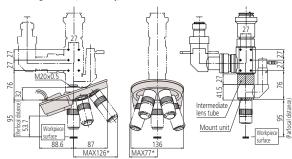


* Where **M Plan Apo 100**X (**378-815**) is used

When mounting the turret on VMU-V or VMU-H

Note 1: The lens mount must be removed from VMU.

Note 2: The turret can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface. (VMU-H only)



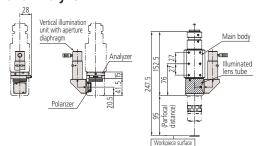
* Where M Plan Apo NIR HR100X (378-864-5) is used

When mounting the turret on VMU-LB or VMU-L4B

Note 1: The middle optical tube and lens mount must be removed from VMU.

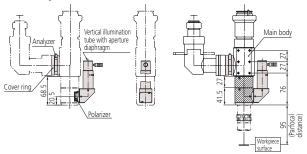
Note 2: The turret can be fixed in the desired position relative to the optical axis.

Polarizer and Analyzer



Installing the polarizer and analyzer on VMU-V or VMU-H

Note: The analyzer is installed by opening the main body mirror head. The polarizer is installed by removing the illumination tube.



When installing the polarizer on VMU-LB or VMU-L4B

Note 1: The analyzer is installed by loosening the cover ring. The polarizer is installed by removing the illumination tube.



Wide-field Video Microscope Unit WIDE VMU

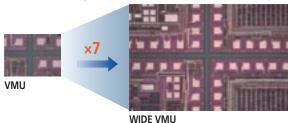




* Objectives shown mounted on tubes are optional.

Features

• Incorporates a wide-field image sensor (APS-C format or smaller size) providing seven times greater viewing area than the VMU Series for greatly enhanced inspection efficiency.



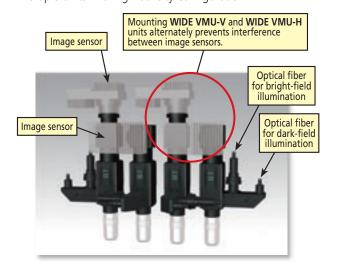
• In addition to normal bright-field observation, this series

supports dark-field observation for scratch inspection, etc., and polarized light observation for increased contrast when viewing certain specimens.



WIDE VMU dark-field

• Bulk inspections covering a wide area can be performed with multiple units in a high-density configuration.

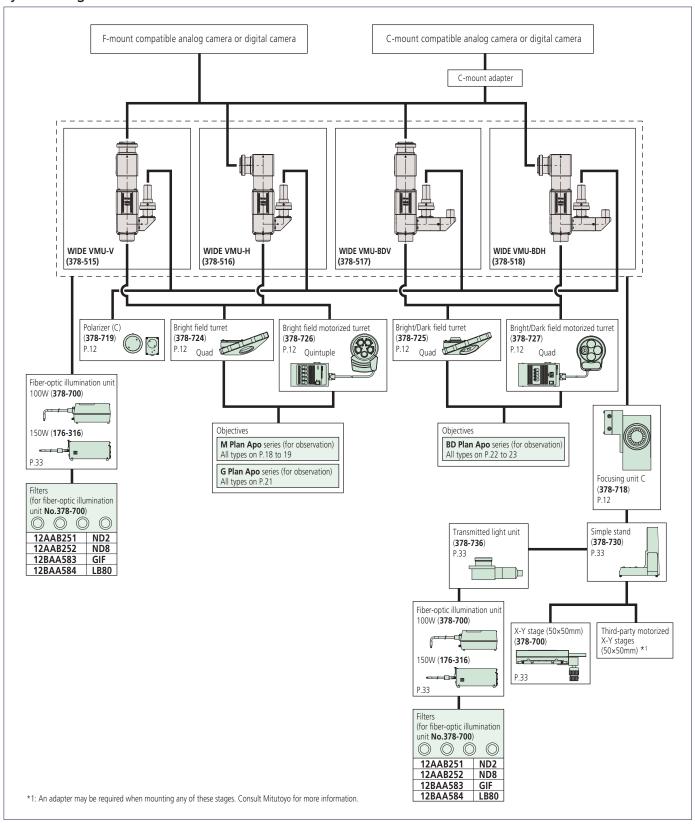


	For Bright-field Observation		For Bright-/Dark-field Observation		
Model No.	WIDE VMU-V	WIDE VMU-H	WIDE VMU-BDV	WIDE VMU-BDH	
Order No.	378-515	378-516	378-517	378-518	
Camera mounting orientation	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	
Observation	Bright field/Erect image	Bright field/Inverted image	Bright field and Dark field/Erect image	Bright field and Dark field/Inverted image	
Optical system	Magnification: 1X Visible light				
Camera Mount	F-Mount, C-Mount (with aligning and parfocal adjustment mechanism)				
Optical tube Imaging forming (tube) lens	Built-in 1X tube lens (Correcting wavelength range: 436 - 656nm)				
Image field	ø30				
Polarized unit*	Mountable				
Objective lens (required option)	M Plan Apo, M Plan Apo HR, I	M Plan Apo SL, G Plan Apo	BD Plan Apo, BD Plan Apo HR	, BD Plan Apo SL	
Applicable camera	APS-C format or smaller size				
Reflected illumination optical system	Telecentric illumination, Bright-fiel (Single-port fiber-optic illuminatio		Telecentric illumination, Bright/Da (Dual-port fiber-optic illumination) Bright/Dark-field switching with light	'	
Illumination unit (optional)	Fiber-optic illumination unit (12V, 100W) (No. 378-700)/ (12V, 150W) (No. 176-316)				
Main unit mass	1800g	1950g	2000g	2150g	

^{*}Polarized observation by Bright-field illumination



System diagram





Optional Accessories for WIDE VMU series

Bright field turret Bright/Dark field turret

Has 4-objective mounts and can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.



Installed on WIDE VMU with optional objectives

Order No.	378-724	378-725
Observation method	Bright field	Bright/Dark field
No. of objective mounts	4	4
Mass	825g	755g
Applicable models	WIDE VMU-V WIDE VMU-H	WIDE VMU-BDV WIDE VMU-BDH

Focus unit C



Manual focus units for the WIDE VMU. When an optional stand (378-730) is mounted, center of stage and optical axis are matched. A power focus unit is also available. Refer to page 16.

Focus unit C mounted on -WIDE VMU with an optional objective

	Focus unit C
Order No.	378-718
Travel range	50mm
Coarse/fine feed	Coarse: 3.8mm/rev., Fine: 0.1mm/rev.
Loading capacity	Approx. 17.4kg
Mass	2.7kg
Applicable models	WIDE VMU (all models)

Bright field motorized turret Bright/Dark field motorized turret

Has 5-objective mounts for Bright field motorized turret and 4-objective mounts for Bright/Dark field motorized turret. It can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.





Control box

Installed on WIDE VMU with optional objectives

Order No.	378-726	378-727
Observation method	Bright field	Bright/Dark field
No. of objective mounts	5 (1 reference hole and 4 holes with centering adjustment)	4
View field adjustment	±0.5mm	-
Positioning accuracy	$2\sigma = 3\mu m$	-
Durability (life-time)	1 million repositioning operations	-
Drive method	DC motor	-
Power supply	AC100V - 240V Max. power consumption is approx. 10W	AC100V - 240V Max. power consumption is approx. 6W
Output interface	RS-232C* for external PC conti	rol
Cable length	2.9m (connection of motorized turret and control box)	
Dimension: W×H×D (mm) Mass	Turret: 130×47×186mm, 1.8kg, Control box: 108×63×176mm, 810g	Turret: 164×65×137mm, 1.8kg, Control box: 108×72×193mm, 810g
Applicable models	WIDE VMU-V WIDE VMU-H	WIDE VMU-BDV WIDE VMU-BDH

^{*}Optional RS-232C Cable: 12AAA807

Polarizer and Analyzer (C)

Provides simplified polarized light observation. Also enhances contrast of low-magnification objectives.

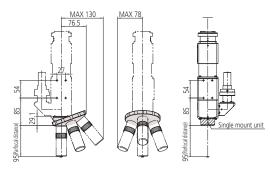


Ordor No	279_710	WIDE VMII (all models)



Dimensions of Optional Accessories for WIDE VMU Series

Bright field turret

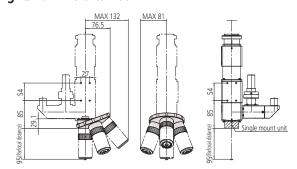


When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU

Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Bright/Dark field turret

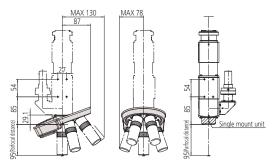


When mounting the turret on $\boldsymbol{WIDE\ VMU}$

Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Bright field motorized turret

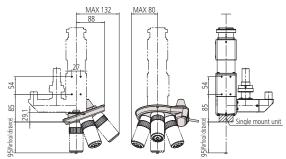


When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU

Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Bright/Dark field motorized turret

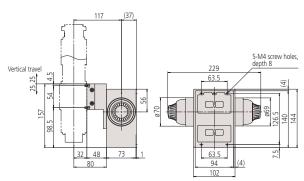


When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU

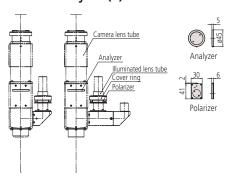
Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Focus unit C



Polarizer and Analyzer (C)



When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU

Note: The polarizer is installed by loosening the cover ring. The analyzer is installed by removing the camera lens tube.



Microscope unit **FS70**







*Objectives and eyepieces shown mounted are optional.

Features

- > Compact microscope unit with trinocular eyepiece tube
 Suitable for observation of many different types of object: metal surfaces, semiconductors, LCDs, resins, etc.
- > Compatible with YAG lasers (1064nm, 532nm, 355nm and 266nm)
 Suitable for cutting, trimming, repair and marking of IC wiring (Au, Al), removing and processing thin-films (insulating film) and repair of color filters (defects repair). Also ideal as the microscope unit of a prober station for semiconductor substrates.
- > Compatible with infrared optical systems

 Available for inner observation of silicon package and spectral characteristics analysis by using infrared light source and camera.
- > Available for various observations in bright field, dark field*, simplified polarized and differential interference contrast (DIC).

 *Made-to-order
- > Telecentric reflective illumination system with aperture diaphragm.
- > High operability due to the inward turret design and long-working-distance objectives.

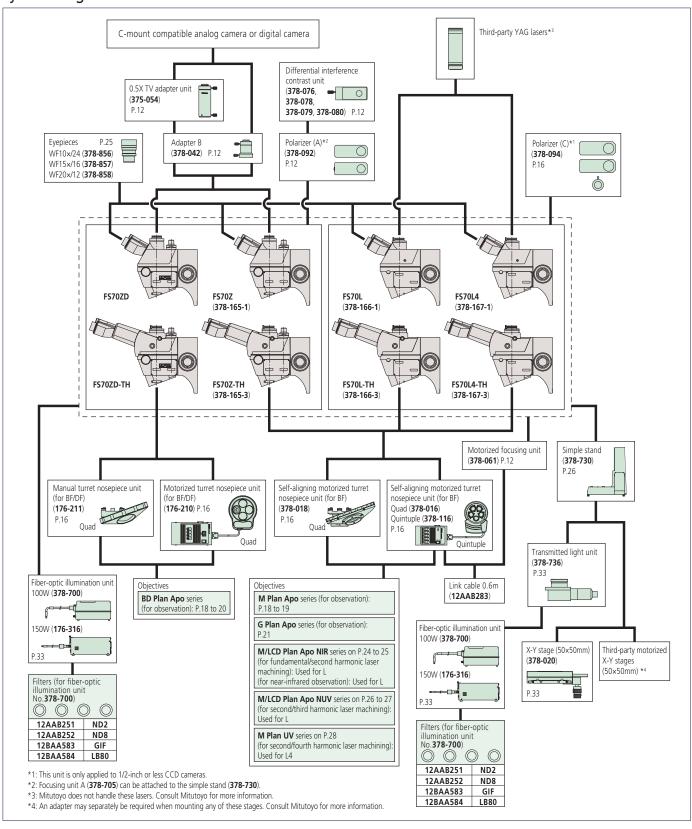
Standard head type Model No.		Model No.	FS70Z (FS70Z-S)	FS70ZD (FS70ZD-S)	FS70L (FS70L-S)	FS70L4 (FS70L4-S)			
(w/short foo	cus unit)	Order No.	378-165-1 (-2)	Made-to-order	378-166-1 (-2)	378-167-1 (-2)			
Tilein or be and	d do on a	Model No.	FS70Z-TH	FS70ZD-TH	FS70L-TH	FS70L4-TH			
Tilting head	ı type	Order No.	378-165-3	Made-to-order	378-166-3	378-167-3			
Observation			BF/simplified polarized/DIC, erect image	BF/DF/simplified polarized/DIC, erect image	BF/simplified polarized, erect image				
Applicable 6	eyepiece (op	itional)		10X (field number 24), 15X (field n	number 16), 20X (field number 12),				
		Field number		2	4				
		Puiple distance		Siedentopf type, adjustr	nent range: 51 to 76mm				
	Trinocular	Tilt angle		0 to 20°, displacement of eye point	: 114mm (only for tilting head type)				
	tube	Optical pass ratio	Eyepiece: Camera mou	nt = 50%: 50% (fixed)	Eyepiece: Camera mount = 100%	: 0% or 0%: 100% (switchable)			
Optical	tube	Camera mount	C-mount with par *In combination with		C-mount with parfocal adjust *Only for FS70-L4				
tube		Protective filter	_	-	Laser cutting filter				
	Tube lens (correction range)		1- 2X zoo	m (visible)	1X (NUV - visible - NIR) 1X (UV - visible)				
	Lacar mank	Optical features	_	_	Magnification: 1X λ: 355/532/1064μm	Magnification: 1X λ: 226/532μm			
	Laser port	Suitable YAG laser type*2	_	_	Fundamental and second and third-harmonic waves	Second and fourth-harmonic waves			
Focus	Coarse/fine	feed	Coaxi	al feeding knob (right and left), Coar	se feed: 3.8mm/rev., Fine feed: 0.1mr	n/rev.			
unit	Travel range	2		50r	nm				
Suitable tur	rret (optiona	1)	4-mount manual or 5-mount power turret	4-mount manual or 4-mount power turret	4-mount manual or 5	-mount power turret			
Suitable obi	inctivo	For observation*1	M Plan Apo/HR/SL, G Plan Apo	BD Plan Apo/HR/SL	M Plan Apo/HR	/SL, G Plan Apo			
(optional)	Suitable objective (optional) For laser cutting		_	_	M/LCD Plan Apo NIR, M/LCD Plan Apo NUV M Plan UV				
Optical system of illumination				Koehler reflective illumination	on with aperture diaphragm				
Fiber-optic illuminator (optional)				12V/100W (378-700D),	12V/150W (178-316D)				
Loading cap	pacity of can	nera mount	Approx. 14kg (tilting	head type: 13.2kg)	Approx. 13kg (tilting head type: 13.1kg)				
Mass (Dime	ension: Refer	to page 28.)	6.6kg (tilting he	ead type: 7.4kg)	6.7kg (tilting head type: 7.5kg)				
Mass			6.6kg (-T 1	H : 7.4kg)	6.7kg (- T I	H : 7.5kg)			

^{*1:} M Plan Apo 1x objective should be used together with the polarizer (378-092 or 378-094).

^{*2:} When mounting a laser, ensure all safety precautions are observed and be aware of laser output power, beam energy density and the unit's weight. Please consult Mitutoyo if in doubt.



System diagram





Optional Accessories for FS70

Manual turret





Order No.	378-018	378-211		
Observation method	Bright field	Bright/dark field		
No. of objective mounts	4, with centering and parf	cal adjustment (378-018)		
View field adjustment	±0.5mm	_		
Parfocal adjustment	±0.5mm	_		
Mass	1.9kg	1.2kg		

Polarizer and analyzer

For simplified polarized-light observation. Also suitable for enhancing contrast of low-magnification objectives.





Power turret Console 378-016

Order No.	378-116	378-210		
Observation method	Brigh	t field	Bright/dark field	
No. of objective mounts	5, with centering adjustment	4		
View field adjustment	±0.5	5mm	_	
Positioning accuracy	2σ=3μm	_	_	
Durability (life-time)	1 million repositioning operations	_	1 million repositioning operations	
Drive method		DC motor		
Power supply		AC100V - 240V, 10W		
Output interface	RS-23	32C* for external PC co	ontrol	
Cable length		3m		
Dimensions (WxHxD) and mass	(378- ' Consol	et: 164x65x137mm, 1 116 : 130x47x186mm, e box: 108x72x193mm 116 : 108x63x176mm,	1.8kg) n, 810g	

*Optional RS-232C Cable: 12AAA807

DIC unit

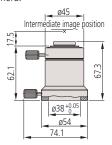
Used for differential interference contrast observation in conjunction with the



Order No.	Magnification
378-076	100X, SL80X, SL50X
378-078	50X, SL20X
378-079	20X
378-080	10X, 5X

Adapter B

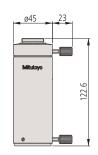
Used for mounting a C-mount camera.



378-042 Mass: 170g

0.5X TV adapter unit

Allows observation over a wide field of view on the monitor (2X wide) due to the 0.5X relay optics. It is used in conjunction with the optional adapter B.



378-054 View field of image: ø11mm Mass: 300g



Dimensions of Optional Accessories for FS70

Manual turret 378-018 176-211

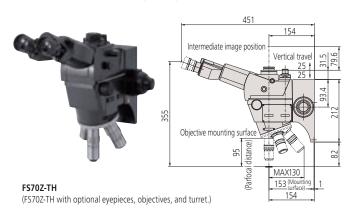
Optional objective adapter: 378-026-1

This objective adapter allows mounting the bright field objective on the bright/dark field turret (176-211 and 176-210) while maintaining the focus position (parfocal).

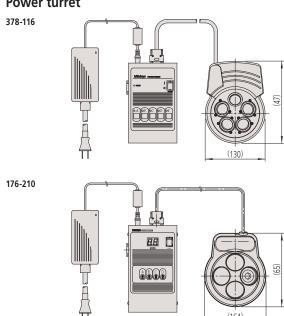
Order No.	378-026-1
Applicable models	Microscopes mounted with the bright/dark field manual turret or motorized turret (MF-U, HyperMF-U)
Applicable objective lens	M Plan Apo, M Plan Apo SL, G Plan Apo, M Plan Apo NIR, M Plan Apo NUV, M Plan UV

Tilting head type

Mitutoyo's FS70-series lineup adopts a tilting head specification that allows the user to adjust the head to an appropriate eye point according to personal physical attributes when looking through the microscope eyepiece.



Power turret

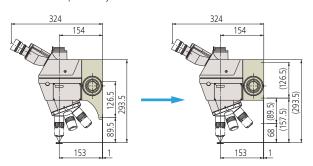


Focus point adjust shim set

Order No.	Use	Details
378-089	For bright field turret	The focus point adjust shim set includes
378-090	For bright/dark field turret	50μm, 30μm and 20μm thickness SUS rings

Short focus unit type

Manual Focus Unit S can be mounted on the main unit 68mm higher than the standard focus unit without changing the eye-point position. The order numbers in the following table represent the FS70-series main units on which this focus unit has previously been mounted.



Standard focusing unit mounting dimensions

Manual focusing unit S mounting dimensions

Model	FS70Z-S	FS70L-S	FS70L4-S				
Order No.	378-165-2	378-166-2	378-167-2				
Travel range	50mm						
Coarse/fine feed	Coarse feed: 3	.8mm/rev., Fine fe	ed: 0.1mm/rev.				
Loading capacity of camera mount*2	*2 Approx. 14.0kg Approx. 13.9kg Approx						
Mass	6.6kg	6.7kg	6.7kg				

^{*}Mass of turret, objective, and eyepiece are excluded

Mitutoyo

Objectives for Bright Field Observation (long working distance)

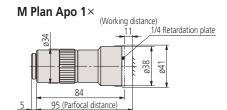
M Plan Apo / M Plan Apo HR

VMU WIDE VMU FS70 MF-U Hyper MF-U

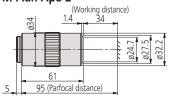
- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright field observation
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat



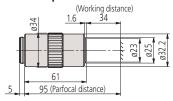
Dimensions



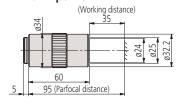




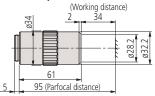
M Plan Apo 5×



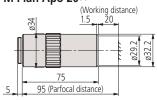
M Plan Apo 7.5×

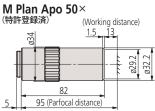


M Plan Apo 10×

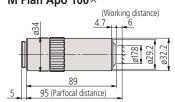


M Plan Apo 20×

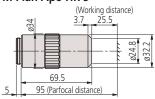




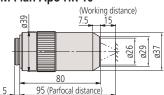
M Plan Apo 100×



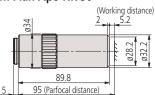
M Plan Apo HR 5×



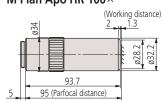
M Plan Apo HR 10×



M Plan Apo HR 50×



M Plan Apo HR 100×





M. J.I	Onder Ne	NI A	M/D ()	f (mm)	R (µm)	DOF ()	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass	
Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	(λ=550nm)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (μm)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)	
M Plan Apo										
M Plan Apo 1× *1	378-800-3	0.025	11.0	200	11.0	440	24	4.8×6.4	300	
M Plan Apo 2× *2	378-801-6	0.055	34.0	100	5.0	91	12	2.4×3.2	220	
M Plan Apo 5×	378-802-6	0.14	34.0	40	2.0	14	4.8	0.96×1.28	230	
M Plan Apo 7.5×	378-807-3	0.21	35.0	26.67	1.3	6.2	3.6	0.64×0.85	240	
M Plan Apo 10×	378-803-3	0.28	34.0	20	1.0	3.5	2.4	0.48×0.64	240	
M Plan Apo 20×	378-804-3	0.42	20.0	10	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	270	
M Plan Apo 50×	378-805-3	0.55	13.0	4	0.5	0.9	0.48	0.10×0.13	290	
M Plan Apo 100×	378-806-3	0.70	6.0	2	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	320	
M Plan Apo HR										
M Plan Apo HR 5× *3	378-787-4	0.21	25.5	40	1.3	6.2	4.8	0.96×1.28	285	
M Plan Apo HR 10× *3	378-788-4	0.42	15.0	20	0.7	1.60	2.4	0.48×0.64	460	
M Plan Apo HR 50×	378-814-4	0.75	5.2	4	0.4	0.49	0.48	0.10×0.13	400	
M Plan Apo HR 100×	378-815-4	0.90	1.3	2	0.3	0.34	0.24	0.05×0.06	410	
Lens set										
Lens set B1	378-911	A set of M Plan Apo 10x, 20x, 50x, and 100x								
Lens set B2	378-912	A set of M Plan Apo 2x, 5x, 10x, and SL20x								
Lens set B3	378-913	A set of M	A set of M Plan Apo 5x, 10x, 20x, and 50x							

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ=0.55μm). *1: An appropriate polarizer should be used with this lens.

^{*2:} It is recommended that this lens be used with this lens.

*3: These specifications apply to the objectives in isolation and may not apply when a lens is mounted in the turret of a microscope, depending on the design of that microscope. In the case where the illumination system is provided by the user it is important to balance the various optical parameters so that optimum illumination of the target surface is obtained. Contact your local Mitutoyo sales Office for information on how this may be achieved.

^{*}Made-to-order



Objectives for Bright Field Observation (Ultra-long working distance)

M Plan Apo SL

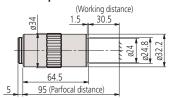
VMU WIDE VMU FS70 MF-U Hyper MF-U

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright field observation
 - > Ultra-long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat

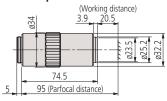


Dimensions

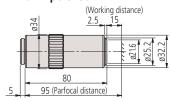
M Plan Apo SL20×



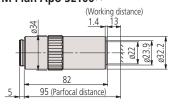
M Plan Apo SL50×



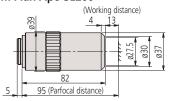
M Plan Apo SL80×



M Plan Apo SL100×



M Plan Apo SL200×



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real FOV (mm)		Mass	
	Model	Order No.	IV.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (μIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
ľ	/I Plan Apo SL									
	M Plan Apo SL20×	378-810-3	0.28	30.5	10	1.0	3.5	1.2	0.24×0.32	240
	M Plan Apo SL50×	378-811-3	0.42	20.5	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	280
	M Plan Apo SL80×	378-812-3	0.50	15.0	2.5	0.6	1.1	0.3	0.06×0.08	280
	M Plan Apo SL100×	378-813-3	0.55	13.0	2	0.5	0.9	0.24	0.05×0.06	290
	M Plan Apo SL200×	378-816-3	0.62	13.0	1	0.4	0.7	0.12	0.025×0.03	490

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55μm).



Objectives for Bright Field Observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation) **G Plan Apo**

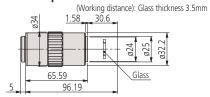
VMU WIDE VMU FS70 MF-U Hyper MF-U

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright field observation
 - > Ultra-long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Designed to observe a specimen through a 3.5mm cover glass.
 - > Design enables high-power observation through a cover glass.
 - * Contact Mitutoyo to custom-order a specific cover-glass to suit your application if required. Thickness, material and refractive index are all specifiable within usual limits.

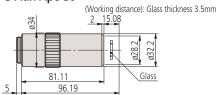


Dimensions

G Plan Apo 20×



G Plan Apo 50×



Model		Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
iviouei		Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (μIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
G Plan Apo										
G Plan Apo 20× (t3	.5)	378-847	0.28	29.42	10	1.0	3.5	1.2	0.24×0.32	270
G Plan Apo 50× (t3	.5)	378-848-3	0.50	13.89	4	0.6	1.1	0.48	0.10×0.13	320

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm).



Objectives for Bright/Dark Field Observation (long working distance)

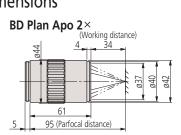
BD Plan Apo / BD Plan Apo HR

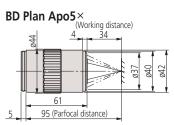
FS70 WIDE VMU MF-U Hyper MF-U

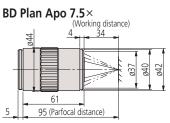
- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright/dark field observation Suited to the observation of scratches, concavity and convexity on a surface
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat

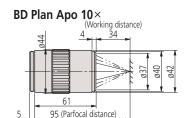


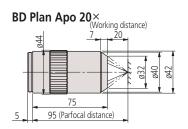
Dimensions

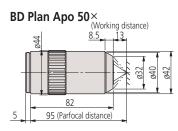


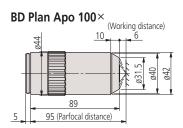


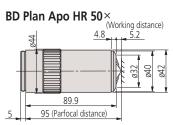


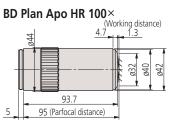












Model	Order No.	N A	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Wodel	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	(λ=550nm)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (µIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
BD Plan Apo									
BD Plan Apo 2× *1	378-831-7	0.055	34.0	100	5.0	91	12	2.4×3.2	340
BD Plan Apo 5×	378-832-7	0.14	34.0	40	2.0	14	4.8	0.96×1.28	350
BD Plan Apo 7.5×	378-830-7	0.21	34.0	26.67	1.3	6.2	3.6	0.64×0.85	350
BD Plan Apo 10×	378-833-7	0.28	34.0	20	1.0	3.5	2.4	0.48×0.64	350
BD Plan Apo 20×	378-834-7	0.42	20.0	10	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	400
BD Plan Apo 50×	378-835-7	0.55	13.0	4	0.5	0.9	0.48	0.10×0.13	440
BD Plan Apo 100×	378-836-7	0.70	6.0	2	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	460
BD Plan Apo HR									
BD Plan Apo HR 50×	378-845-7	0.75	5.2	4	0.4	0.49	0.48	0.10×0.13	530
BD Plan Apo HR 100×	378-846-7	0.90	1.3	2	0.3	0.34	0.24	0.05×0.06	545
Lens set									
Lens set D1	378-931	A set of BD Plan Apo 10x, 20x, 50x and 100x							
Lens set D2	378-932	A set of BD Plan Apo 2x, 5x, 10x, and SL20x							
Lens set D3	378-933	A set of BD Plan Apo 5x, 10x, 20x, and 50x							

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm).

^{*1:} It is recommended to be used together with the 1/4 wavelength plate B (02ALN380) and appropriate polarizer for the microscope used (Working distance will be shortened 4mm)



Objectives for Bright/Dark Field Observation (Ultra-long working distance)

BD Plan Apo SL

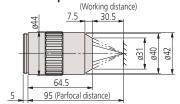
FS70 WIDE VMU MF-U Hyper MF-U

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright/dark field observation Suited to the observation of scratches, concavity and convexity on a surface
 - > Ultra-long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat

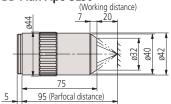


Dimensions

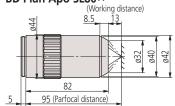




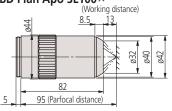
BD Plan Apo SL50×



BD Plan Apo SL80×



BD Plan Apo SL100×



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real FOV (mm)		Mass
Model	Order No.	IN.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (µIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
BD Plan Apo SL									
BD Plan Apo SL20×	378-840-7	0.28	30.5	10	1.0	3.5	1.2	0.24×0.32	350
BD Plan Apo SL50×	378-841-7	0.42	20.0	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	410
BD Plan Apo SL80×	378-842-7	0.50	13.0	2.5	0.6	1.1	0.3	0.06×0.08	430
BD Plan Apo SL100×	378-843-7	0.55	13.0	2	0.5	0.9	0.24	0.05×0.06	440

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55μm).



Near-infrared radiation range objectives for bright field observation

M Plan Apo NIR / M Plan Apo NIR HR

VMU FS70

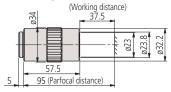


- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Wavelength correction from visible to near-infrared (1800nm)
 - > Available high-power type (M Plan Apo NIR HR)

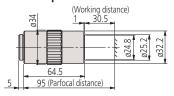


Dimensions

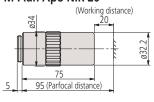
M Plan Apo NIR 5×



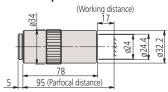
M Plan Apo NIR 10×



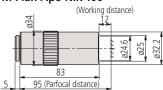
M Plan Apo NIR 20×



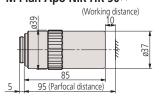
M Plan Apo NIR 50×



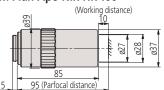
M Plan Apo NIR 100×



M Plan Apo NIR HR 50×



M Plan Apo NIR HR 100 \times



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	IV.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (μIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
M Plan Apo NIR									
M Plan Apo NIR 5×	378-822-5	0.14	37.5	40	2.0	14.0	4.8	0.96×1.28	220
M Plan Apo NIR 10×	378-823-5	0.26	30.5	20	1.1	4.1	2.4	0.48×0.64	250
M Plan Apo NIR 20×	378-824-5	0.40	20.0	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	300
M Plan Apo NIR 50×	378-825-5	0.42	17.0	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	315
M Plan Apo NIR 100×	378-826-5	0.50	12.0	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	335
M Plan Apo NIR HR									
M Plan Apo NIR HR 50×	378-863-5	0.65	10.0	4	0.4	0.7	0.48	0.10×0.13	450
M Plan Apo NIR HR 100×	378-864-5	0.70	10.0	2	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	450

Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ=0.55μm). Note: If the wavelength used is 1100nm or longer, the focal point may deviate slightly from that in visible radiation.



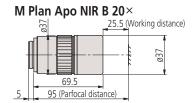
Near-infrared radiation range objectives for bright field observation

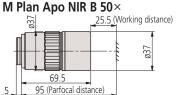
M Plan Apo NIR B VMU F570

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > A high-transmission laser type objective suited to the fundamental and second harmonic of the YAG laser. Corrected over the visible (420nm) to near-infrared (1064nm) spectrum.
 - > This series of objective has greatly improved in operability thanks to the achievement of an ultra-long working distance of 25.5mm while maintaining the NA of the NIR series 20X/50X.



Dimensions





Specifications

Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Wodel	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	1001 (μπ)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
M Plan Apo NIR B									
M Plan Apo NIR B 20×	378-867-5	0.40	25.5	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	350
M Plan Apo NIR B 50×	378-868-5	0.42	25.5	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	375

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm). Note: If the wavelength used is 1100nm or longer, the focal point may deviate slightly from that in visible radiation.

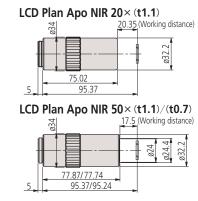
Near-infrared radiation range objectives for bright field observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation)

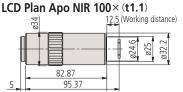
LCD Plan Apo NIR WILL F570

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications through the LCD glass
 - > Ultra-long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Designed to observe a specimen through glass 1.1mm or 0.7mm thick.
 - > This makes suitable for high-power observation through a sheet of glass. * Mitutoyo is ready to design and manufacture a specific sheet of glass according to a specified glass thickness and material (or refractive index).



Dimensions





LCD Plan Apo NIR 100× (t0.7) 12 (Working distance) 83.24

Model		Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass	
Model	dei O		N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (µIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)	
LCD Plan Apo NIR											
LCD Plan Apo NIR 20× (t1	.1)	378-827-5	0.40	19.98	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	305	
LCD Plan Apo NIR 50× (t1	.1)	378-828-5	0.42	17.13	3.9	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	320	
LCD Plan Apo NIR 50× (t0	.7)	378-829-5	0.42	17.26	3.9	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	320	
LCD Plan Apo NIR 100× (1.1) *	378-752-5	0.50	12.13	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	335	
LCD Plan Apo NIR 100× ((0.7)	378-754-5	0.50	11.76	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	335	

Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55μm).

^{*}Made-to-order



Near-ultraviolet radiation range objectives for bright field observation

M Plan Apo NUV / M Plan Apo NUV HR

VMU FS70

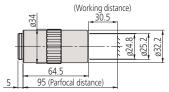


- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Performance optimized for near-ultraviolet (355nm) to visible
 - > High-power type available (M Plan Apo NUV HR)

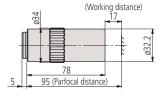


Dimensions

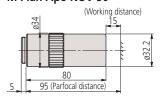
M Plan Apo NUV 10×



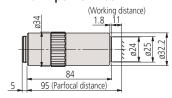
M Plan Apo NUV 20×



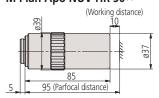
M Plan Apo NUV 50×



M Plan Apo NUV 100×



M Plan Apo NUV HR 50×



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
iviodei	Order No.	IV.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (μIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
M Plan Apo NUV									
M Plan Apo NUV 10×	378-809-5	0.28	30.5	20	1	3.5	2.4	0.48×0.64	255
M Plan Apo NUV 20×	378-817-6	0.40	17.0	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	340
M Plan Apo NUV 50×	378-818-6	0.42	15.0	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	350
M Plan Apo NUV 100×	378-819-4	0.50	11.0	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	380
M Plan Apo NUV HR									
M Plan Apo NUV HR 50×	378-888-6	0.65	10.0	4	0.42	0.65	0.48	0.10×0.13	500

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm).



Near-ultraviolet radiation range objectives for bright field observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation)

LCD Plan Apo NUV / LCD Plan Apo NUV HR

VMU FS70

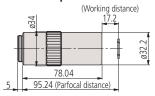
Features > Infinity corrected

- > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications through the LCD glass
- > Ultra-Long working distance
- > Plan-Apochromat
- > Designed to observe a specimen through glass 1.1mm or 0.7mm thick.
 - > This makes suitable for high-power observation through a sheet of glass. * Mitutovo is ready to design and manufacture a specific sheet of glass according to a specified glass thickness and material (or refractive index).

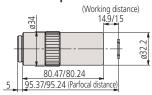


Dimensions

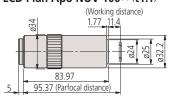
LCD Plan Apo NUV 20× (t0.7)



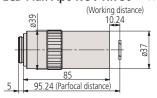
LCD Plan Apo NUV 50×(t1.1)/(t0.7)



LCD Plan Apo NUV 100×(t1.1)



LCD Plan Apo NUV HR 50×(t0.7)



	Model	Order No.	NI A	M/D (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	FOV (mm)	Mass
	Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (µIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
L	CD Plan Apo NUV									
	LCD Plan Apo NUV 20× (t0.7)	378-890-6	0.40	16.96	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	340
	LCD Plan Apo NUV 50× (t1.1) *	378-753-6	0.42	14.53	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	350
	LCD Plan Apo NUV 50× (t0.7)	378-820-6	0.42	14.76	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	350
	LCD Plan Apo NUV 100× (t1.1) *	378-751-4	0.50	11.03	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	380
L	CD Plan Apo NUV HR									
	LCD Plan Apo NUV HR 50× (t0.7)	378-891-6	0.65	9.76	4	0.4	0.7	0.48	0.10×0.13	500

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm).



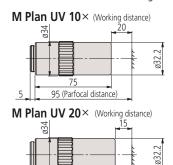
Ultraviolet radiation range objectives for bright field observation

M Plan UV

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance

 - > Performance optimized for ultraviolet (266nm) and visible wavelengths
 - > High-transmittance in the ultraviolet range

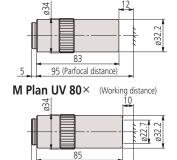
Dimensions



80

95 (Parfocal distance





95 (Parfocal distance)

Specifications

	Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (n	nm)	R (µm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
	Model	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	f266	f550	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±υυν (μπ)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
ī	M Plan UV										
	M Plan UV 10×	378-844-15	0.25	20.0	20	20.3	1.1	4.4	2.4	0.48×0.64	310
	M Plan UV 20×	378-837-7	0.36	15.0	10	10.4	0.8	2.1	1.2	0.24×0.32	330
	M Plan UV 50×	378-838-8	0.41	12.0	4	4.5	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	400
	M Plan UV 80×	378-839-5	0.55	10.0	2.5	2.9	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.06×0.08	380

[•] When projecting a mask image on a specimen by using a YAG laser system mounted on a Mitutoyo microscope unit, the mask image will be scaled by the factor f/200 times (f=200mm, Mitutoyo tube lens). Since the focal length (f) in ultraviolet radiation (λ =266nm) is slightly smaller than that in visible radiation (λ =550nm) as above, the working area in ultraviolet radiation also becomes slightly smaller than the mask image in visible radiation.

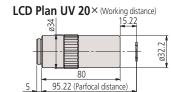
Ultraviolet radiation range objectives for bright field observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation)

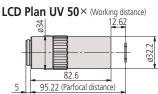
LCD Plan UV

VMU FS70

- **Features** > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright field observation and laser applications through the LCD glass
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan
 - > Designed to observe a specimen through glass 0.7mm thick.
 - > This makes suitable for high-power observation through a sheet of glass.
 - * Mitutoyo is ready to design and manufacture a specific sheet of glass according to a specified glass thickness and material (or refractive index)

Dimensions





Model	Order No.	N.A.	N A W D (mm)	f (n	nm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass	
iviodei	Order No.	IV.A.	W.D. (mm) f ₂₆₆		f 550	$(\lambda = 550 \text{nm})$	±DOF (µIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)	
LCD Plan UV											
LCD Plan UV 20× (t0.7)	378-892-7	0.36	15.0	10	10.4	0.8	2.1	1.2	0.24×0.32	330	
LCD Plan UV 50× (t0.7)	378-893-8	0.41	12.4	4	4.5	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	400	

[•] When projecting a mask image on a specimen by using a YAG laser system mounted on a Mitutoyo microscope unit, the mask image will be scaled by the factor f/200 times (f=200mm, Mitutoyo tube lens). Since the focal length (f) in ultraviolet radiation (λ=266nm) is slightly smaller than that in visible radiation (λ=550nm) as above, the working area in ultraviolet radiation also becomes slightly smaller than the mask image in visible radiation

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm)

Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ=0.55μm).



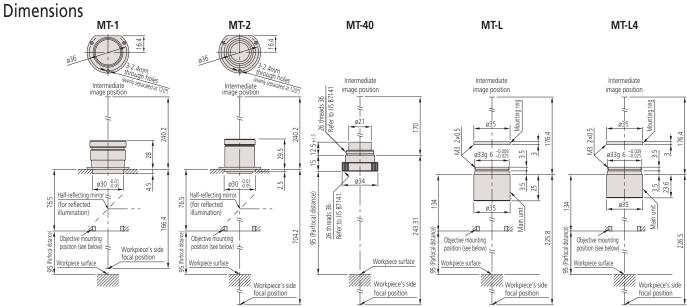
Tube Lens

Aberration correction range

MT-1, **2**, **40**: Visible wavelength range (435.8 – 656.3nm)

MT-L: Near-ultraviolet (355nm) to near-infrared (1064nm)

MT-L4: Ultraviolet (266nm) to visible (620nm).



Specifications

Order No.	Focal length (mm)	Magnification (tube lens)	Image field (mm)	Effective lens dia. (mm)	Dimensions (mm)	Mass (g)
970208	200	1X	ø30	ø24.0	ø40x32.5	43
970209	400	2X	ø30	ø18.0	ø40x32.0	42
378-010	200	1X	ø24	ø11.2	ø34x27.5	45
378-008	200	1X	ø24	ø22.0	ø35x32.0	30
378-009	200	1X	ø24	ø23.0	ø35x30.6	30

Note: A distance of 76.5mm in 970208 and 970209 drawings is for an image field of ø30 (without vignetting). For an image field of ø24 or ø11 (the latter is the image field of a 2/3-inch camera), use the formula

Reference: Placement of Objective and Tube Lens

Mitutoyo's long working-distance objective lenses are designed to cover a field of view of up to ø30mm (ø24mm), when the tube lens **970208** or **970209** (**378-008**, **378-009** or **378-010**) is placed at the specified distance from the objective. However, use the following formula to calculate the approximate distance, when a distance other than that as specified is required in order to insert your own optical system or other optical elements:

$$\ell = (\varnothing_2 - \varnothing_1) \cdot f_2 / \varnothing \text{ [mm]} \cdot \cdots (1)$$

ø1: Objective exit pupil diameter (mm)

$$Ø_1 = 2 \cdot f \cdot N.A. [mm] \cdots (2)$$

ø2: Effective diameter of tube lens (mm)

f₂: Focal length of tube lens

ø: Image field diameter

Example: What is the distance (L), when using M Plan Apo 10X* (378-803-3) and tube lens** (970208) to cover an image field of ø24?

*f=20mm, N.A.=0.28 (Refer to page 15.) ** \emptyset 2=24mm, f2=200mm (Refer to the above chart.)

From formula (2): $\emptyset_1 = 2x20x0.28$

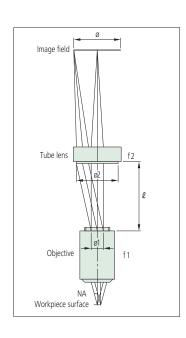
=11.2 (mm)

From formula (1): $L = (24-11.2) \times 200/24$

=106.6 (mm)

Therefore a distance (L) up to 106mm can cover an image field of ø24 without shading.

In other words a distance (L) smaller than the specification does not affect optical performance. Contact Mitutoyo for detailed information.





Tube Lens

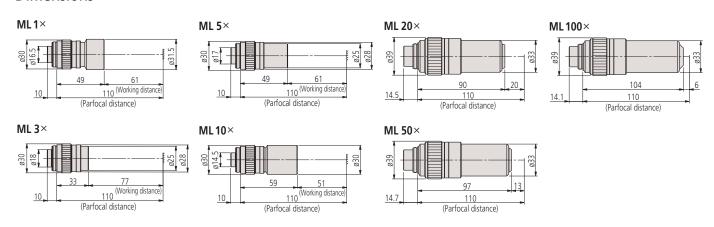


MF Hyper MF

- **Features** > Finite-correction (image-object distance: 280mm, parfocal length: 110mm)
 - > Bright field observation
 - > Long working distance
 - > Telecentric for lenses lower than 10X magnification



Dimensions



Note: The parfocal distance is a nominal value.

Madal	Ouder Ne	N. A	\\\ D \(\rangle \)	R (µm)	, DOF ()	Real F	OV (mm) VC	Mass	
Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	(λ=550nm)	±DOF (μm)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)	
ML 1 ×	375-036-2	0.03	61.0	9.2	306	24	4.8×6.4	80	
ML 3 ×	375-037-1	0.09	77.0	3.06	34	8	1.6 × 2.1	55	
ML 5 ×	375-034-1	0.13	61.0	2.12	16.3	4.8	0.96 × 1.28	60	
ML 10 ×	375-039	0.21	51.0	1.31	6.2	2.4	0.48×0.64	95	
ML 20 ×	375-051	0.42	20.0	0.65	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	310	
ML 50 ×	375-052	0.55	13.0	0.5	0.9	0.48	0.10 × 0.13	350	
ML 100 ×	375-053	0.70	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	380	

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm).



Tube Lens

Features > Finite-correction

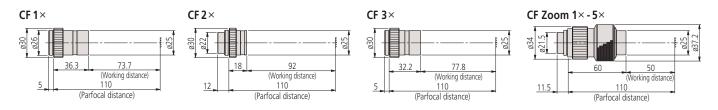
(image-object distance: 280mm, parfocal length: 110mm)

> Bright field observation

> Long working distance

> Available zoom type

Dimensions



Note: The parfocal distance is a nominal value.

Model	Man	Order Ne	NI A	M/D /mm)	R (µm)	, DOF ()	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Mag.	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	(λ=550nm)	±DOF (μm)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2" camera	(g)
CF 1 ×		375-031	0.03	73.7	9.2	306	24	4.8 × 6.4	45
CF 2 ×		375-032	0.06	92.0	4.6	76	12	2.4×3.2	35
CF 3 ×		375-033	0.07	77.8	3.9	56	8	1.6 × 2.1	35
	1×		0.04		6.9	171	24	4.8×6.4	
CF Zzoom 1 \sim 5 $ imes$	3 ×	375-038	0.1	50.0	2.75	27	8	1.6 × 2.1	200
	5 ×		0.1		2.75	27	4.8	0.96 × 1.28	

[•] Every resolution and single objective's focal depth in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ =0.55µm).



Wide Field of View Eyepieces and Reticles WF / UWF

MF MF-U Hyper MF Hyper MF-U FS70



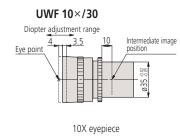
Features > Finite-correction

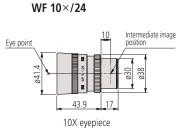
(image-object distance: 280mm, parfocal length: 110mm)

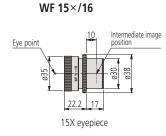
- > Bright field observation
- > Long working distance
- > Telecentric for lenses lower than 10X magnification

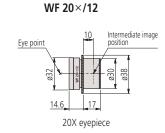


Dimensions









Specifications

Order No. (2pcs.)	Model	Magnification	Field number	Visibility adjustment	Eye point	Reticle	Mass (g)
378-851	Ultra-wide field of view eyepiece UWF10×/30	10×	30	-8D to +4D	High eye point	_	250
378-866	Wide field of view eyepiece WF10×/24	10×	24	-10D to +5D	High eye point	Available	150
378-857	Wide field of view eyepiece WF15×/16	15×	16	-8D to +5D	Normal	Available	40
378-858	Wide field of view eyepiece WF20×/12	20×	12	-8D to +5D	Normal	Available	55

Note: The above lenses are provided as a set of 2.

Reticles

- Features > Wide field of view, especially the UWF 10X type (30 field number)
 - > External focusing system* allows installing an optional reticle. *Except for UWF 10X

Dimensions

No.516848













No.516851



Order No.	516848	516576	516578	516577	516849	516850	516851
Remarks	Solid crosshairs	90° and 60° broken crosshairs	Concentric circles (ø1.2-18mm) with solid crosshairs	Solid crosshairs with scale graduated 0.1mm/20mm	10mm scale with 0.1mm graduations	5mm scale with 0.05mm graduations	1mm grid on 10mm square



Optional Accessories for VMU, WIDE VMU, and FS70

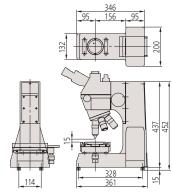
Stand

For mounting the VMU, WIDE VMU, or FS70 microscope unit. Can be combined with an XY stage, stage illumination unit and fiber-optic illuminator to work as a compact microscope for surface observation.

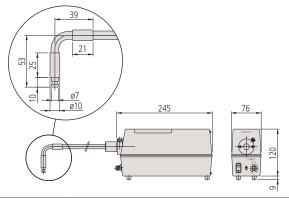


Order No.	378-730
Mass	6.7kg

Stand with XY stage and stage illumination unit mounted on FS70Z with optional objectives and eyepieces

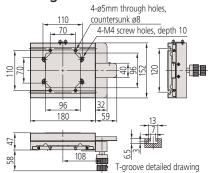


Fiber-optic illuminator (100W)



Order No.		378-700D			
Light source		12V/100W parabolic-type halogen bulb (517181), 100h service life			
Light guide		Fiber-optic cable (1.5m length, 5mm dia.)			
Brightness		Adjustable by volumn			
	LB80	Color temperature conversion filter (12BAA584)			
Filter	ND2	For 1/2 light intensity (12AAB251)			
(optional)	ND8	For 1/8 light intensity (12AAB252)			
	GIF	Green filter (12BAA253)			

XY stage

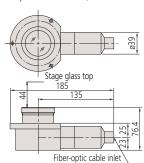


Order No.	378-020
Travel range	50x50mm
Handle feed	34mm/rev.
Mass	3.3kg

Note: Each wheel functions as a single-axis drive.

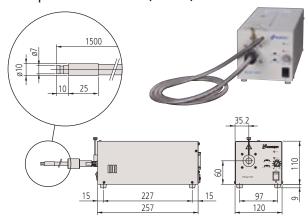
Stage illumination unit

Attaches to the stand to provide contour illumination in conjunction with a fiber-optic illuminator (100W or 150W).



Order No.	378-736
Mass	0.8kg

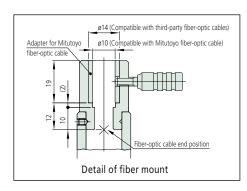
Fiber-optic illuminator (150W)



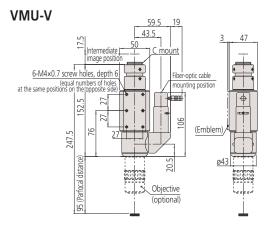
Order No.		176-316D
Liebteeuwee	Long-life type	15V/100W parabolic-type halogen bulb (12BAJ076), 500h service life
Light source	High-brightness type	15V/100W parabolic-type halogen bulb (12BAJ075), 50h service life
Light guide		Fiber-optic cable (1.5m length, 5mm dia.)
Brightness		Adjustable by rotary control

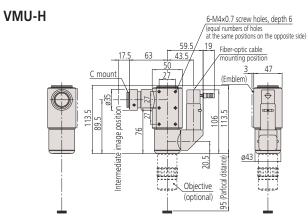
Mitutoyo

Dimensions

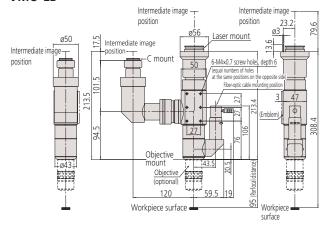


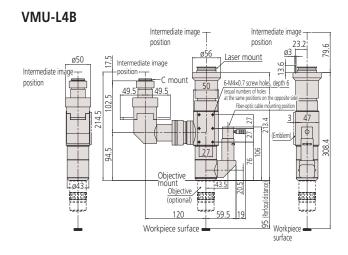
VMU series



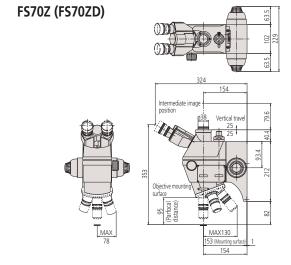


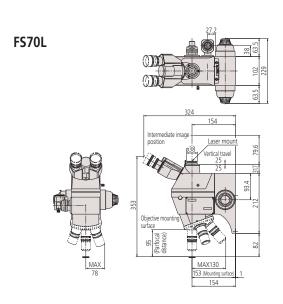
VMU-LB



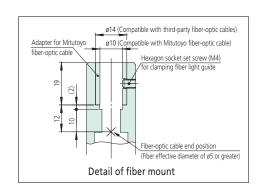


FS70 series

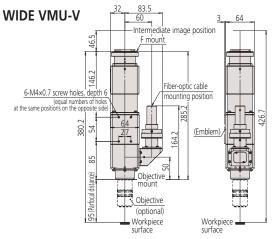






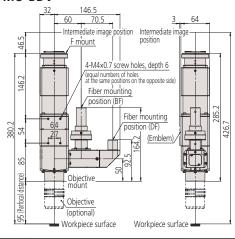


WIDE VMU series

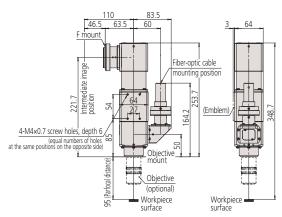


WIDE VMU-BDV

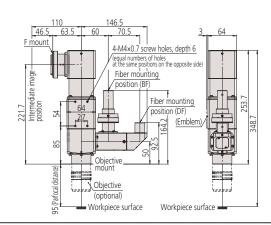
FS70L4

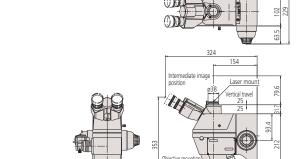


WIDE VMU-H

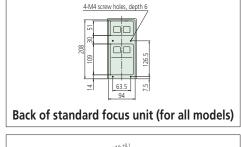


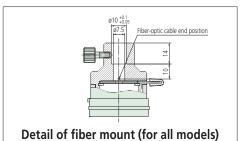
WIDE VMU-BDH





MAX130

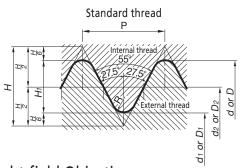


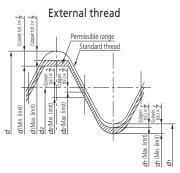


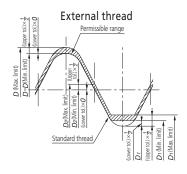


Reference: Specifications of Objective Threads

- 1. Scope These specifications are applied to the threads of Mitutoyo microscope objectives.
- 2. The thread forms and dimensions are specified as follows conforming to JIS B-7141-1994.







Bright-field Objectives Measuring Microscope/Centering Microscope Objectives

Nominal Dimensions

External thread Thread peak OD Nominal Number of Pitch & valley diameter (d2) diameter (d1) (d) thread threads curvature Internal thread diameter (per 25.4mm) radius Root Pitch diameter (D) diameter (Dz (D_1) 0.097 26.000 25.548 25.096

Permissible Limits of Size and Dimensional Tolerance

ad

			External thre	ead	Internal thread			
Applicable dimensions		UD	Pitch diameter (d ₂)	Root diameter (d ₁)	Root diameter (D)	Pitch diameter (D ₂)	ID (D1)	
Permissible	Max. limit	25.896	25.502	25.050	26.076	25.624	25.230	
limits	Min. limit	25.820	25.426	24.974	26.000	25.548	25.154	
Dimensional tolerance	Upper tolerance	-0.104	-0.046	-0.046	+0.076	+0.076	+0.134	
	Lower tolerance	-0.180	-0.122	-0.122	0	0	+0.058	

Bright/Dark-field Objectives

Nominal Dimensions

Unit: mm

Unit: mm

			= 1	External thread			
Nominal thread	al Number of Pitch	Thread peak & valley	OD (d)	Pitch diameter (d ₂)	Root diameter (d ₁)		
diameter	(per 25.4mm)	Р	curvature radius	I	nternal thread	d	
	n		R	Root diameter (D)	Pitch diameter (D ₂)	ID (D ₁)	
40	36	0.706	0.097	40.000	39.548	39.096	

Permissible Limits of Size and Dimensional Tolerance

Unit: m

			External thre	ead	Internal thread			
Applicable dimensions		OD (d)	Pitch diameter (d ₂)	Root diameter (d ₁)	Root diameter (D)	Pitch diameter (D ₂)	ID (D1)	
Permissib	e Max. limit	39.896	39.502	39.050	40.076	39.624	39.230	
limits	Min. limit	39.820	39.426	38.974	40.000	39.548	39.154	
Dimension	Upper tolerance	-0.104	-0.046	-0.046	+0.076	+0.076	+0.134	
tolerance	Lower tolerance	-0.180	-0.122	-0.122	0	0	+0.058	

Reference: Transmission of Mitutoyo Objectives

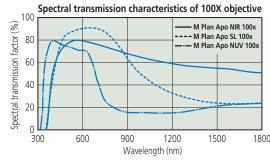
Mitutoyo's long working-distance objectives are grouped by working wavelength range: ultraviolet, near-ultraviolet, visible, and near-infrared. The M Plan UV series (for ultraviolet), M Plan Apo NUV series (for near-ultraviolet), and M Plan Apo NIR series (for near-infrared) are designed especially for YAG laser working applications in cutting thin films. Each series is designed for optimal spectral transmission factor within its respective wavelength range.

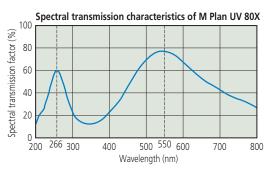
M (BD) Plan Apo series: Wavelength range 436nm to 656nm

M Plan Apo NIR series: Wavelength range 480nm to 1800nm

M Plan Apo NUV series: Wavelength range 355nm to 620nm

M Plan UV series: Optimized for wavelengths of 266nm and 550nm





N.A.: Numerical aperture W.D.: Working distance f: Focal length R: Resolving power DOF: Depth of field FOV: Real field of view



Commentary: Laser Operating Method and Precautions

Each VMU and FS70 series of Mitutoyo microscope units uses a built-in laser [mainly, Nd-YAG laser fundamental wave (1064nm), second harmonic (532nm), third harmonic (355nm) and fourth harmonic (266nm)] to allow laser machining. In laser machining with a laser-equipped microscope unit and a microscope objective, high-power laser irradiation is not allowed for the purpose of microfabrication. IMPORTANT: Review laser safety precautions prior to use.

Laser Input Conditions of Laser-equipped Microscope Unit

Determine the upper limit value of laser input under the following conditions. Laser radiation incident on the optical system shall be axial and non-polarized.

VMU Series

Applicable model	VMU-LB			VMU-L4B			
Wavelength used (nm)	1064	532	355	1064	532	355	266
Pulse laser Upper input limit (J/cm²) Pulse width (10ns)	0.099	0.075	0.025	0.11	0.080	0.035	0.015
Upper limit to CW laser input (kW/cm²)	0.22	0.18	0.07	0.2	0.19	0.05	0.05

FS70 Series

Applicable model		FS70L	FS70L4		
Wavelength used (nm)	1064	532	355	532	266
Pulse laser Upper input limit (J/cm²) Pulse width (10ns)	0.090	0.075	0.018	0.075	0.015
Upper limit to CW laser input (kW/cm²)	0.23	0.18	0.06	0.2	0.05

Upper Limit to Objective Laser Input

Determine the upper limit value of laser input under the following conditions if the laser radiation directly enters the objective. Laser radiation incident on the optical system shall be axial.

VMU Series

Applicable objective	M Plan Apo NIR series	M Plan Apo NIR series M Plan Apo NUV series M Plan UV series	M Plan Apo NUV series	M Plan UV series
Wavelength used (nm)	1064	532	355	266
Pulse laser Upper input limit (J/cm²) Pulse width (10ns)	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.04
Upper limit to CW laser input (kW/cm²)	0.5	0.25	0.16	0.12

Note: If the pulse width of the laser is shortened, reduce the irradiation energy density by the square root of the ratio of the new pulse width to the initial pulse width.

Example: If the pulse width decreases to 1/4 of the initial width, reduce the energy density to approximately 1/2.

Therefore when using a laser with a wavelength of 1064nm and a pulse width of 2.5ns, the upper limiting value of input will be 0.1J/cm².



Glossary

1. N.A. (Numerical Aperture)

N.A. determines resolving power, depth of field, and luminosity of the image. The larger the N.A. the higher is the resolving power and smaller is the depth of field.

$$N.A. = n \cdot Sin\theta$$

n is the index of refraction of the medium in which the lens is working. n=1 0 for air

 θ is the half-angle of the maximum cone of light that can enter or exit the lens.



2. R (Resolving Power)

Minimum distance between points or lines that are just distinguishable as separate entities.

Resolving power is determined by N.A. and wavelength λ .

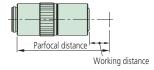
$$R (\mu m) = \frac{\lambda}{2 \bullet N.A.}$$

3. W.D. (Working distance)

Distance between the surface of the specimen and the front face of the objective when in focus.

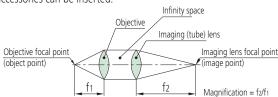
4. Parfocal Length

Distance between the surface of the specimen and the objective mounting position when in focus.



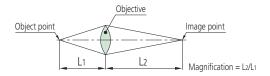
5. Infinity-corrected system

An optical system in which the image is formed by an objective and a tube lens with an 'Infinity Space' between them, into which optical accessories can be inserted.



6. Finite-corrected optical system

An optical system in which the image is formed only by an objective.



7. F (Focal Length)

Distance between a principal point and a focal point. f1 is a focal length of an objective, f² is a focal length of a tube lens. Magnification is determined by the ratio of the focal length of the tube lens to that of the objective. (For an infinity-corrected optical system.)

$$\mbox{Magnification of objective} = \frac{\mbox{Focal length of tube lens}}{\mbox{Focal length of objective}}$$

(Ex.)
$$1X = \frac{200 \text{ (mm)}}{200 \text{ (mm)}}$$
 (Ex.) $10X = \frac{200 \text{ (mm)}}{20 \text{ (mm)}}$

8. Field number and FOV (Real Field of View)

The field number of an eyepiece is determined by the field stop diameter of the eyepiece and it is expressed in mm.

FOV is the area of specimen observable and is determined by the field number of the eyepiece and magnification of the objective.

FOV (mm)=
$$\frac{\text{Field number of eyepiece}}{\text{Magnification of objective}}$$

(Ex. Using an eyepiece of field number 24)

FOV for 1X objective =
$$\frac{24}{1}$$
 = Ø24 (mm)

FOV for 10X objective =
$$\frac{24}{10}$$
 = $\varnothing 2.4$ (mm)

Area of specimen observable on TV monitor

Area of specimen observable on TV monitor
$$\frac{\text{Area of specimen observable on TV monitor}}{\text{observable on TV monitor}} = \frac{\text{Area of camera image element (VxH)}}{\text{Magnification of objective}}$$

Indication magnification on TV monitor

Diagonal line length of monitor indication Indication magnification = Magnification $_{\rm X}$ Diagonal line length of on TV monitor of objective camera image element

* Size of camera image element (V x H x Diagonal) 1/3 inch image element: 3.6x4.8x6.0mm 1/2 inch image element: 4.8x6.4x8.0mm 2/3 inch image element: 6.6x8.8x11.0mm

9. DOF (Depth of Field)

Vertical distance in the specimen, measured from above and below the exact plane of focus, which still yields an acceptable image. The larger the N.A., the smaller the depth of field

Eyepiece observation (Formula of Berek)

$$\pm DOF (\mu m) = \frac{\omega \times 250.000}{N.A. \times M} + \frac{\lambda}{2x(N.A.)^2} \lambda = Radiation wavelength$$

ω: Resolution of human eye (Visual angle: 5 minute) M: Total magnification (Objective mag. x Eyepiece mag.)

TV monitor observation

$$\pm DOF (\mu m) = \frac{\lambda}{2x(N.A.)^2}$$
 $\lambda = 550$ nm (Standard wavelength)



10. Bright field illumination and dark field illumination

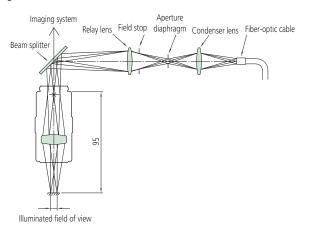
Bright field illumination directly lights the specimen with a solid cone of rays and is the simplest method available. Dark field illumination uses a hollow cone of rays formed by an opaque stop at the center of the condenser large enough to prevent direct light from entering the objective. The specimen is placed at the concentration of the light cone, and is seen with light scattered or diffracted by it, therefore scratches and dents on the specimen surface are illuminated while the rest remains dark.

11. Apochromatic objective and achromatic objective

An apochromatic objective is corrected for chromatic aberration at the red, blue, and yellow wavelengths. An achromatic objective is corrected for chromatic aberration at the red and yellow wavelengths only.

12. Koehler illumination

Köhler illumination overcomes the disadvantages of other schemes by causing parallel rays to light the specimen so that, because they will not be in focus, the image of the specimen will not include an image of the light source.



13. Telecentric illumination

This illuminating optical system is designed so that principal light passes through the focal point. This system has the advantage of retaining the size of the image center even if it is out of focus (although the circumference of the image is defocused). This illumination system provides an even illumination intensity over the entire field of view.

14. Aperture diaphragm

This diaphragm adjusts the amount of light passing through and is related to the brightness and resolving power of an optical system. This diaphragm is especially useful in width dimension measurement of cylindrical objects with contour illumination, and provides the highest degree of correct measurement/observation by suppressing diffraction in an optimal aperture.

15. Field stop

This diaphragm is used for blocking out unwanted light and thereby preventing it from degrading the image.

16. Plan

Denotes an objective lens that produces a flat (planar) image by correcting the spherical aberration/curvature of the field of an achromatic lens or an apochromatic lens. All Mitutoyo FS series objectives are plan apochromat.

17. Vignetting

This unwanted effect is the reduction of an image's brightness or saturation at the periphery compared to the image center. May be caused by external (lens hood) or internal features (dimensions of a multi-element lens).

18. Flare

Lens flare is typically seen as several starbursts, rings, or circles in a row across the image or view, caused by unwanted image formation mechanisms, such as internal reflection and scattering of light.

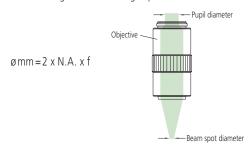
19. Double image

An image degrading a phenomenon in which an image appears as if it is a double image due to redundant light projection and optical interference within the optical system.

20. Pupil Diameter and Spot Diameter of an Objective

• Pupil diameter

Denotes the maximum diameter of a parallel light flux along the optical axis that can enter an objective from the rear. The pupil diameter is calculated according to the following expression.



Spot diameter

If a beam of light with a uniformly distributed intensity enters an objective from the rear, the beam is condensed to a spot of finite size. This size is known as the spot diameter. The approximate value of a spot diameter is calculated from the following expression.

$$\emptyset \mu m = 1.22 x \frac{\lambda}{N.A.}$$

However, the above expression cannot be applied if the light source is a laser beam of which the intensity forms a Gaussian distribution on the cross section. The diameter of a laser beam is generally indicated by 1/e² of the peak value, i.e. 13.5% of the peak value. The spot diameter of a laser beam is calculated from the following expression.

$$\emptyset \mu m = \frac{4x\lambda xf}{\pi xD}$$



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